

Georgia Perspective: Establishing an RRT

Presented by Venessa Sims Georgia Department of Agriculture Multi-State Meeting, New Orleans April 29, 2013

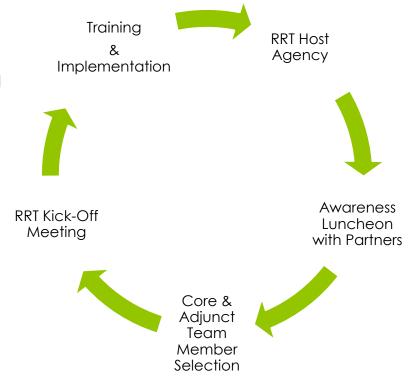
Tools for Building a RRT

- 1. Building a Foundation
- 2. Mentoring
- 3. Personnel
- 4. Command Structure
- 5. Security
- Equipment (Resource Typing)
- 7. Planning & Implementation

The Journey begins...

Building the Foundation

- 1. Partnerships
- 2. Communication
- 3. Coordination
- 4. Structure



Mentoring



Building the Foundation

- NC is our Mentor State: paired like-states together
- FoodShield: document sharing
- Best Practices documents
- Webinars/Teleconferencing
- Annual Face-to-Face meeting

Personnel

- RRT Program Manager (Food Safety)
- RRT Associate Program Manager (Emergency Management)
- Epidemiologist (Public Health cost-share)
- RRT Core Members (GDA Food & Feed)
- RRT Adjunct Members (SMEs: Agency Partners, Food Safety Task Force Members, Academia, local governments)

Partner Agencies

- FDA
- Georgia Public Health: Epi, PH Lab & Environmental Health
- o Georgia Dept. Natural Resources, EPD
- USDA FSIS
- CDC
- Georgia Food Safety Task Force Members

Command Structure

- NIMS 100, 200, 300, 400, 700 & 800
- All-Hazards Approach: other Ag Divisions fill Command Roles so Food Safety Division members and partners can respond.
- RRT Core Members
- RRT Adjunct Members
- We chose to go this route for sustainability reasons. Major point for FDA.

Security

- Safety Officer
- Safety Plan: analysis with risk assessment
- Site Review: include exits
- Inform Staff



Proper Equipment & Plan

Equipment



• Resource Typing—What do you have, what do you have, what do you have?

Planning & Implementation

- 3 Year Grant Deliverables
- Excel Spreadsheet:
 - Personnel
 - Planning
 - Meetings
 - Mentorship
 - Communications
 - Training (Personnel, Regional Lab Exercise, Regional EMAC Exercise)
- Sent to key RRT Leadership Members

Questions



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